



**MULTIPLE CHOICE**

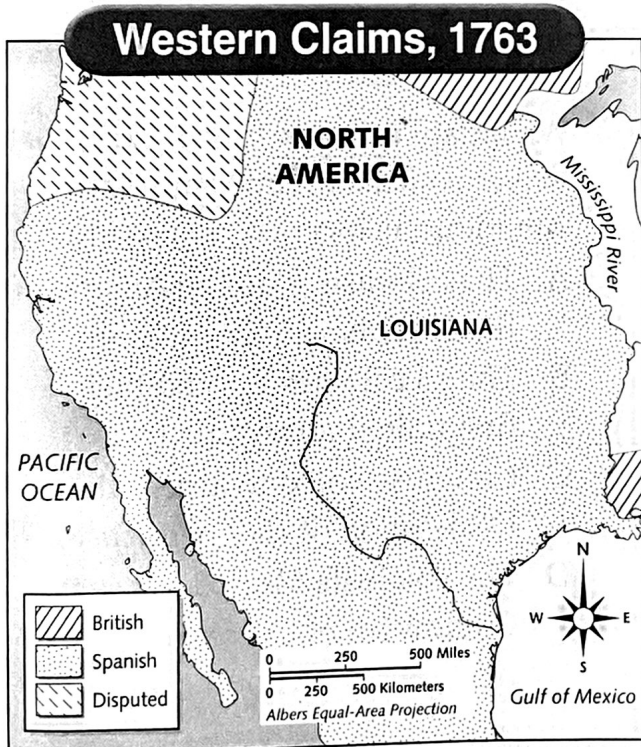
**DIRECTIONS** Select the letter of the best answer.

- 1 What was one major cause of the French and Indian War?
- A France and Britain both claimed the same lands in North America.
  - B American colonists wanted independence from Britain.
  - C American Indians did not like French people settling on western lands.
  - D The British government passed new tax laws in the colonies.

- 2 Which country claimed Louisiana in 1763?
- A Britain
  - B Spain
  - C France
  - D Its claim was disputed.

- 3 What did the British government do to help pay the expenses of the French and Indian War?
- A It printed colonial currency.
  - B It forced the colonists to trade only with Britain.
  - C It passed new tax laws for the colonies.
  - D It sold western lands to settlers.

Use the map to answer question 2.



Use the boxed information to answer question 4.

Many colonists said that Parliament should not tax them because they had no representation.

- 4 What does the word representation mean in the sentence above?
- A a plan for spending money
  - B money governments collect from citizens
  - C a voice in one's government
  - D a lawmaking body

(continued)

Use the boxed information to answer question 5.

When the colonists began to boycott goods that were taxed, British merchants lost money.

- 5 What does the word boycott mean in the sentence above?
- A to agree to buy
  - B to manufacture
  - C to raise prices
  - D to refuse to buy
- 6 Which of the following is a documentary source?
- A Boston Massacre
  - B Declaration of Independence
  - C Second Continental Congress
  - D Sons of Liberty
- 7 As punishment for the Boston Tea Party, what did the British government do?
- A It blocked all colonial harbors.
  - B It passed the Coercive Acts.
  - C It stopped exporting tea to the colonies.
  - D It outlawed all colonial legislatures.
- 8 Why were the battles at Lexington and Concord important?
- A They marked the end of the French and Indian War.
  - B They forced Parliament to repeal all new tax laws.
  - C They marked the beginning of the American Revolution.
  - D They were the first battles led by George Washington.
- 9 Which three rights does the Declaration of Independence say all people have?
- A freedom of religion, speech, and press
  - B to boycott goods, to pay taxes, and to sign petitions
  - C life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness
  - D to vote, assemble, and have representation
- 10 What happened on July 4, 1776, that makes it such an important date in American history?
- A The colonists won the American Revolution.
  - B The 13 colonies formed their first united government.
  - C Congress voted to accept the Declaration of Independence.
  - D The colonists formed the first Committee of Correspondence.

(continued)

### MATCHING

**DIRECTIONS** Match each description on the left with a person on the right. Write the correct letter in the space provided.

- |    |  |                      |
|----|--|----------------------|
| 11 | _____ was the commander in chief of the Continental Army   | A. Samuel Adams      |
| 12 | _____ was the main author of the Articles of Confederation   | B. John Dickinson    |
| 13 | _____ suggested a new Committee of Correspondence in Boston and most likely organized the Boston Tea Party | C. Thomas Jefferson  |
| 14 | _____ was the main author of the Declaration of Independence   | D. Richard Henry Lee |
| 15 | _____ called for a resolution in the Second Continental Congress for independence from Britain             | E. George Washington |

### SHORT ANSWER

**DIRECTIONS** Answer each question in the space provided.

- 16 What was the Proclamation of 1763, and how did colonists react to it?

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- 17 In what ways did colonists protest British imperial policies?

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**SHORT ANSWER**

**DIRECTIONS** Answer each question in the space provided.

**18** Why did the First Continental Congress meet in 1774, and what did it do?

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**19** What effects did the Battle of Bunker Hill have?

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Use the boxed information to answer question 20.

“ . . . Governments are instituted [formed] among Men, deriving [getting] their just powers from the consent of the governed.”  
—Declaration of Independence, 1776

**20** What important idea do these words express?

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